Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Devon and Cornwall Police and Crime Commissioner and Chief Constable
Dorset Police and Crime Commissioner and Chief Constable

Year ending 31 March 2020

December 2019
This paper provides the Independent Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditor.

The paper also includes a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you.

Members of the Independent Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications. Click on the following link to be directed to the website https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/.

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

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PSAA Contract Monitoring

The PCC and Chief Constables for Devon and Cornwall and Dorset opted into the Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) Appointing Person scheme which starts with the 2018/19 audit. PSAA appointed Grant Thornton as auditors. PSAA is responsible under the Local Audit (Appointing Person) Regulations 2015 for monitoring compliance with the contract and is committed to ensuring good quality audit services are provided by its suppliers. Details of PSAA’s audit quality monitoring arrangements are available from its website, www.psaa.co.uk.

Our contract with PSAA contains a method statement which sets out the firm’s commitment to deliver quality audit services, our audit approach and what clients can expect from us.
Progress at 28 November 2019

2019/20

We have begun our planning processes for the 2019/20 financial year audits.

Our formal work and audit visits will begin in the new year and we will discuss the timing of these visits with management. In the meantime we will;

• continue to hold regular discussions with management to inform our risk assessment for the 2019/20 financial statements and value for money audits;
• review minutes and papers from key meetings; and
• continue to review relevant sector updates to ensure that we capture any emerging issues and consider these as part of audit plans.

Other areas

Meetings

We spoke with Finance Officers in November 2019 as part of our regular liaison meetings and continue to be in discussions with finance staff regarding emerging developments and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

Events

Our annual accounts workshops will take place in Bristol on 30 January 2020 and in Plymouth on 11 February 2020. We have invited key members of your finance team to the workshops.

We are currently planning our annual audit committee member event for February 2020 and will send invites to audit committee members shortly.

Audit Fees

During 2017, PSAA awarded contracts for audit for a five year period beginning on 1 April 2018. 2019/20 is the second year of that contract. Since that time, there have been a number of developments within the accounting and audit profession. Across all sectors and firms, the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) has set out its expectation of improved financial reporting from organisations and the need for auditors to demonstrate increased scepticism and challenge and to undertake additional and more robust testing.

Our work in the sector in 2018/19 has highlighted areas where financial reporting, in particular, property, plant and equipment and pensions, needs to improve. There is also an increase in the complexity of financial transactions and financial reporting. This, combined with the FRC requirement that all Local Government audits are at or above the “few improvements needed” (2A) rating, means that additional audit work is required.

We are currently reviewing the impact of these changes on both the cost and timing of audits. We will discuss this with your S151 officers including any proposed variations to the Scale Fee set by PSAA Limited, before communicating fully with the Independent Audit Committee.

As a firm, we are absolutely committed to meeting the expectations of the FRC with regard to audit quality and local government and police sector financial reporting.
## Audit Deliverables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2019/20 Deliverables</th>
<th>Planned Date</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fee Letters</strong> Confirming audit scale fees for 2019/20.</td>
<td>April 2019</td>
<td>Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Joint Audit Plans</strong> We are required to issue detailed accounts joint audit plans to the Independent Audit Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give a opinions on the Group, Police and Crime Commissioner and Chief Constable 2019/20 financial statements for Dorset and Devon and Cornwall.</td>
<td>April 2020</td>
<td>Not yet due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Interim Audit Findings</strong> We will report to you the findings from our interim audits within our Progress Report.</td>
<td>April 2020</td>
<td>Not yet due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Joint Audit Findings Report</strong> The Joint Audit Findings Reports will be reported to the July Independent Audit Committee.</td>
<td>July 2020</td>
<td>Not yet due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Auditors Reports</strong> These are the opinions on your financial statements, annual governance statements and value for money conclusions.</td>
<td>July 2020</td>
<td>Not yet due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Joint Annual Audit Letters</strong> These letter communicates the key issues arising from our work.</td>
<td>August 2020</td>
<td>Not yet due</td>
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Policing services are rapidly changing. Increased demand from the public and more complex crimes require a continuing drive to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of police services. Public expectations of the service continue to rise in the wake of recent high-profile incidents, and there is an increased drive for greater collaboration between Forces and wider blue-light services.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider Police service and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and police sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:
In July, the then Communities secretary, James Brokenshire, announced the government is to examine local authority financial reporting and auditing.

At the CIPFA conference he told delegates the independent review will be headed up by Sir Tony Redmond, a former CIPFA president.

The government was "working towards improving its approach to local government oversight and support", Brokenshire promised.

"A robust local audit system is absolutely pivotal to work on oversight, not just because it reinforces confidence in financial reporting but because it reinforces service delivery and, ultimately, our faith in local democracy," he said.

"There are potentially far-reaching consequences when audits aren't carried out properly and fail to detect significant problems."

The review will look at the quality of local authority audits and whether they are highlighting when an organisation is in financial trouble early enough.

It will also look at whether the public has lost faith in auditors and whether the current audit arrangements for councils are still "fit for purpose".

On the appointment of Redmond, CIPFA chief executive Rob Whiteman said: "Tony Redmond is uniquely placed to lead this vital review, which will be critical for determining future regulatory requirements.

"Local audit is crucial in providing assurance and accountability to the public, while helping to prevent financial and governance failure."

He added: "This work will allow us to identify what is needed to make local audit as robust as possible, and how the audit function can meet the assurance needs, both now and in the future, of the sector as a whole."

In the question and answer session following his speech, Brokenshire said he was not looking to bring back the Audit Commission, which appointed auditors to local bodies and was abolished in 2015. MHCLG note that auditing of local authorities was then taken over by the private, voluntary and not-for-profit sectors.

He explained he was "open minded", but believed the Audit Commission was "of its time."

Local authorities in England are responsible for 22% of total UK public sector expenditure so their accounts "must be of the highest level of transparency and quality", the Ministry of Housing, Local Government and Communities said. The review will also look at how local authorities publish their annual accounts and if the financial reporting system is robust enough.

Redmond, who has also been a local authority treasurer and chief executive, is expected to report to the communities secretary with his initial recommendations in December 2019, with a final report published in March 2020. Redmond has also worked as a local government boundary commissioner and held the post of local government ombudsman.
The Code of Audit Practice sets out what local auditors of relevant local public bodies are required to do to fulfill their statutory responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. ‘Relevant authorities’ are set out in Schedule 2 of the Act and include local councils, fire authorities, police and NHS bodies. Local auditors must comply with the Code of Audit Practice.

Consultation – New Code of Audit Practice from 2020

Schedule 6 of the Act requires that the Code be reviewed, and revisions considered at least every five years. The current Code came into force on 1 April 2015, and the maximum five-year lifespan of the Code means it now needs to be reviewed and a new Code laid in Parliament in time for it to come in to force no later than 1 April 2020.

In order to determine what changes might be appropriate, the NAO is consulting on potential changes to the Code in two stages:

Stage 1 involves engagement with key stakeholders and public consultation on the issues that are considered to be relevant to the development of the Code.

This stage of the consultation is now closed. The NAO received a total of 41 responses to the consultation which included positive feedback on the two-stage approach to developing the Code that has been adopted. The NAO state that they have considered carefully the views of respondents in respect of the points drawn out from the Issues paper and this will inform the development of the draft Code. A summary of the responses received to the questions set out in the Issues paper can be found below.

Stage 2 of the consultation involves consulting on the draft text of the new Code. To support stage 2, the NAO has published a consultation document, which highlights the key changes to each chapter of the draft Code. The most significant changes are in relation to the Value for Money arrangements. Rather than require auditors to focus on delivering an overall, binary, conclusion about whether or not proper arrangements were in place during the previous financial year, the draft Code requires auditors to issue a commentary on each of the criteria. This will allow auditors to tailor their commentaries to local circumstances. The Code proposes three specific criteria:

a) Financial sustainability: how the body plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;

b) Governance: how the body ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and

c) Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: how the body uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

The consultation document and a copy of the draft Code can be found on the NAO website. The consultation is open until 22 November 2019. The new Code will apply from audits of local bodies’ 2020-21 financial statements onwards.

Link to NAO webpage for the Code consultation:
Public Accounts Committee – Local Government Governance and Accountability

The Public Accounts Committee has found that the Government has not done enough to ensure that, at a time when local authority budgets are under extreme pressure, governance systems are improved.

The Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government (the Department) is responsible for: ensuring that this framework contains the right checks and balances, and changing the system if necessary. The Secretary of State also has powers to intervene in cases of perceived governance failure. The framework includes: officers with statutory powers and responsibilities; internal checks and balances such as audit committees and internal audit; and external checks and balances such as external audit and sector-led improvement overseen by the Local Government Association. These arrangements represent a significant reduction in the level of central oversight in recent years following the government’s decision to abolish the Audit Commission and the Standards Board for England as part of a broader reform of local audit, inspection and reporting.

The Public Accounts Committee report summary notes "Local authorities have a good overall track record with governance arrangements generally robust across the sector, and there is evidence that local authority governance compares favourably to that of the health sector. However, this is not universal and in some authorities governance is under strain, as funding reduces and responsibilities and exposure to commercial pressures change. We are worried to hear about audit committees that do not provide sufficient assurance, ineffective internal audit, weak arrangements for the management of risk in local authorities’ commercial investments, and inadequate oversight and scrutiny. This is not acceptable in the more risky, complex and fast-moving environment in which local authorities now operate.

The Department has been reactive and ill-informed in its approach to oversight of the local governance system. However, the Department has now recognised that the network of bodies with responsibility for the local governance framework is fragmented and lacking the leadership needed to drive change. Encouragingly, the Department has now committed to enhancing its oversight role and producing a proactive work programme to deliver this change. We urge the Department to ensure that this activity leads to concrete actions and outcomes on a timely basis. When a local authority fails this has a significant impact on local people and the Department has a responsibility to work with local government to ensure that problems are caught early and that it can pinpoint at-risk councils. Since the abolition of the Audit Commission and other changes culminating in the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 there is no central assessment of value for the money, which means the Department’s work is fundamental.”

The report makes five conclusions, with associated recommendations:

1) The Department is not yet providing effective leadership of the local governance system.
2) The Department does not know why some local authorities are raising concerns that external audit is not meeting their needs.
3) The Department lacks reliable information on key governance risks, or relies on weak sources of information, meaning it has no way of pinpointing the at-risk councils.
4) The Department’s monitoring is not focused on long-term risks to council finances and therefore to services.
5) There is a complete lack of transparency over both the Department’s informal interventions in local authorities with financial or governance problems and the results of its formal interventions.

The Government response is available on the website below:
The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect your business or any weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.